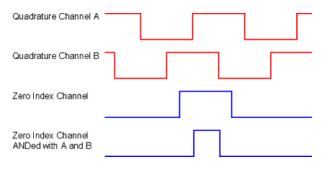
Ethernet & 4-20 mA Output Transmitter for Position or Rate from Quadrature Encoders



Features

- Ethernet Serial Data I/O, Modbus TCP or Laurel ASCII protocol
- 4-20 mA or 0-10V transmitter output, 16 bits, jumper selectable, isolated
- Dual 120 mA solid state relays for alarm or control, isolated
- 5V, 10V or 24V dc transducer excitation output, isolated
- Accepts low-level differential or single-ended 5V logic level signals from shaft encoders, linear encoders, incremental encoders or optical encoders
- Programmable for position, angle or rate
- Quadrature count x1, x2 or x4 with combined pulse rate to 250 kHz
- Zero channel input
- Analog output resolution 0.0015% of span (16 bits), accuracy ±0.02% of span
- Universal 85-264 Vac / 90-300 Vdc or 10-48 Vdc / 12-32 Vac power



The Laureate quadrature transmitter accepts A & B quadrature encoder signals to provide an analog output that tracks position, length, angle, or rate. The A & B quadrature signals are 90° out of phase, and their phase relationship determines whether up counts (+) or down counts (-) are produced.

One, two or four quadrature transitions may be counted at a maximum combined rate of 250 kHz and be scaled internally to ±999,999. counts. The input circuitry which may be jumpered for either single-ended input signals or for balanced line driver signals. Anti-jitter circuitry eliminates errors produced by vibration of the encoder. In the event of a power failure, the current total may be stored in non-volatile memory and can be used as the starting point for counting when power resumes. Power fail or zero index capabilities are alternate meter setup choices.

A zero index pulse, if provided by the encoder, is used by the transmitter to correct for any cumulative pulse count errors. Special circuitry corrects for width of the zero index pulse.

Available for Total or Rate

 With the Standard main board, the transmitter totalizes the quadrature counts and then scales the total in software for the output. A zero index Z signal can be added as a third input to the A & B signals. The analog output is generated by an ultralinear 16-bit (65,536 step) digital-to-analog converter (DAC) for 0.02% output accuracy. With the Extended main board, the transmitter can be programmed to output either total or rate or rate. For example, the output can track the speed of a moving slab from the RPM of a roller. The update rate for rate is a programmed gate time + 30 ms + 0-2 pulse periods.

Standard features of Laureate LTE transmitters include:

- Ethernet I/O, isolated. Supported protocols are Modbus RTU and ASCII (tunneled via Modbus TCP) and Laurel ASCII. The latter is simpler than the Modbus protocol and is recommended when all devices are Laureates. Note that RS232 or RS485 data I/O in lieu of Ethernet is provided by our LT Series transmitters.
- 4-20 mA, 0-20 mA or 0-10V analog transmitter output, isolated, jumper-selectable and user scalable. All selections provide 16-bit (0.0015%) resolution of output span and 0.02% output accuracy of a reading from -99,999 to +99,999 counts that is also transmitted digitally. Output isolation from signal and power grounds eliminates potential ground loop problems. The supply can drive 20 mA into a 500 ohm (or lower) load for 10V compliance, or 10V into a 5K ohm (or higher) load for 2 mA compliance.
- Dual solid state relays, isolated. Available for local alarm or control. Rated 120 mA at 130 Vac or 180 Vdc.
- Transducer excitation output, isolated. User selectable 5V@100 mA, 10V@120 mA or 24V@50 mA.
- Universal 85-264 Vac power. Low-voltage 10-48 Vdc or 12-32 Vac power is optional.

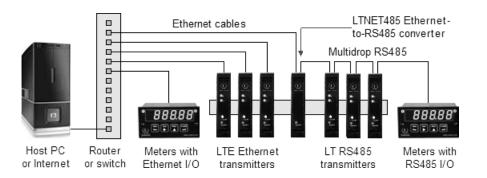
Discovery and configuration of Laureate Ethernet Nodes is easily achieved with Laurel's Node Manager Software, and the discovered transmitters can then be programmed using Laurel's Instrument Setup Software. Both softwares run on a PC under MS Windows and can be downloaded at no charge.











Specifications

Quadrature Inputs		
Type Transitions Monitored Max Pulse Rate Internal Counts Position Error	Differential or single-ended quadrature x1, x2 or x4 250 kHz at x1, 125 kHz at x2, 62.5 kHz at x4 -999999 to +999999 No error contributed by transmitter	
Quadrature Position Mode		
Zero Adjust Span Adjust	-999999 to +999999 0 to ±999999	
Quadrature Rate Mode		
Conversion Technique Output Update Rate Gate time Time Before Zero Output Time Base Accuracy Zero Adjust Span Adjust	Inverse period 30 ms + 0-2 signal periods Selectable 10 ms to 199.99 s Selectable 10 ms to 199.99 s Calibrated to ±2 ppm -999999 to +999999 0 to ±999999	
Analog Output (standard)		
Output Levels Compliance, 4-20 mA Compliance, 0-10V Output Resolution Output Accuracy Output Update Rate Output Isolation	4-20 mA and 0-10 Vdc (selectable) 10V (0-500Ω m load) 2 mA (5 kΩ load) 16 bits ($65,536$ steps) $\pm 0.05\%$ of output span 25/sec max 250V rms working, 2.3 kV rms per 1 minute test	
Serial Communications (standard)		
Type Data Rates Output Isolation Serial Protocols Modbus Compliance Digital Addresses	10/100Base-T Ethernet per IEEE 802.3 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 baud 250V rms working, 2.3 kV rms per 1 min test Modbus TCP, Modbus RTU, Modbus ASCII, Laurel ASCII Modbus over Serial Line Specification V1.0 (2002) 247 for Modbus, 31 for Laurel ASCII	
Dual Relay Output (standard)		
Relay Type Load Rating	Two solid state relays, SPST, normally open, Form A 120 mA at 140 Vac or 180 Vdc	
Sensor Excitation Output (standard)		
Output Levels Output Isolation	5V@100 mA, 10V@120 mA, 24V@50 mA (jumper selectable) 50V from signal ground	
Power Input		
Standard Power Low Power Option	85-264 Vac or 90-300 Vdc 10-48 Vdc or 12-32 Vac	

Power Frequency Power Isolation Power Consumption	DC or 47-63 Hz 250V rms working, 2.3 kV rms per 1 min test 2W typical, 3W with max excitation output	
Mechanical		
Dimensions Mounting Electrical Connections	129 x 104 x 22.5 mm case 35 mm rail per DIN EN 50022 Plug-in screw-clamp connectors	
Environmental		
Operating Temperature Storage Temperature Relative Humidity Cooling Required	0°C to 55°C -40°C to 85°C 95% at 40°C, non-condensing Mount transmitters with ventilation holes at top and bottom. Leave 6 mm (1/4") between transmitters, or force air with a fan.	

Application Examples

Motor speed controller Sensing wheel

with shaft encoder

Dispensing

reel

Using Quadrature for Cutting to Length

Controlling the repetitive cutting of material to length is an excellent application of a Laureate quadrature transmitter or Laureate quadrature meter. The quadrature encoder shares the shaft of a sensing wheel, whose rotation corresponds to lineal displacement of material. The transmitter compares the displacement reading against setpoint information, and then uses its dual relays to first slow down and then cut the material.

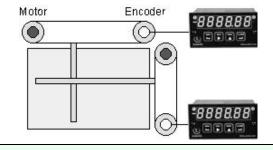
Using Quadrature for X-Y Positioning

Take-up

reel

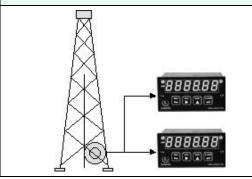
Cutting

mechanism



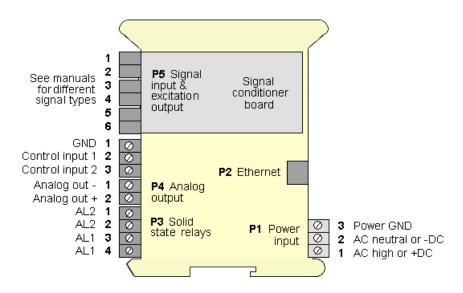
Accurate X-Y position or rate can be obtained from two shaft encoders, which convert linear position to quadrature signals as a shaft turns. In addition to serving as a transmitter, each Laureate transmitter or meter can use its optional dual relay setpoint capability for closed loop control.

Using Quadrature to Monitor a Drilling Operation

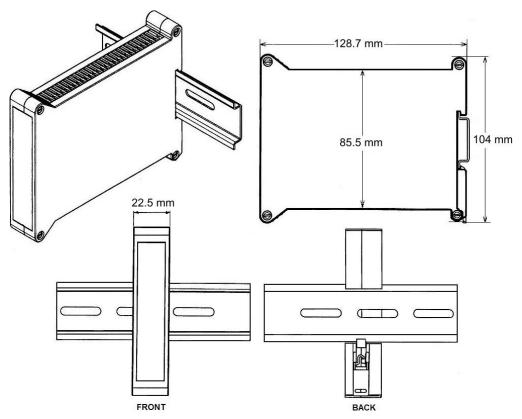


Quadrature can be used to track position and vertical drilling speed of the bit in an oil drilling operation. A shaft encoder is rotated by a cable that moves with the drilling shaft. In this application, the same encoder signal is applied to a first Laureate quadrature transmitter for position, and to a second quadrature transmitter for rate. Both transmitters can send a 4-20 mA signal to a control room and be alarmed. In this application, quadrature provides much higher immunity to noise and jitter than a magnetic pickup.

Pinout



Mechanical



Ordering Guide

Create a model a model number in this format: LTE60QD

Transmitter Type	LTE Laureate 4-20 mA & Ethernet Transmitter
Main Board	6 Standard Main Board (for position, length or angle) 8 Extended Main Board (for bidirectional rate or position)
Power	0 Isolated 85-264 Vac or 90-300 Vdc 1 Isolated 12-32 Vac or 10-48 Vdc
Input Type	QD Quadrature